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Mississippi Practice Questions

Q1. If you park facing uphill on a street with a curb, which way should you turn your front wheels?

- A) Turn the front wheels toward the curb.
- B) Turn the front wheels away from the curb.
- C) Leave the front wheels straight.

Answer: B

Q2. What does a yellow left-turn arrow on a traffic signal signify?

- A) Drivers should immediately stop and remain stopped.
- B) The protected left turn is ending and you should prepare to yield.
- C) The left turn will remain protected indefinitely.

Answer: B

Q3. How must you yield to an emergency vehicle using sirens and flashing lights?

- A) Drive as close to the right edge and stop
 - taking care not to stop in an intersection.
- B) Pull into the right lane and slow until it has passed.
- C) Stop immediately even if you are in the middle of an intersection.

Answer: A

Q4. When visibility is reduced by fog, what should you do?

- A) Pull off the road and stop if visibility is too poor
- B) Slow down and use your low beam headlights
- C) Use your high beam headlights
- D) Flash your headlights to warn others

Answer: B

Q5. If you want to enter the freeway but don't see a gap in traffic, what should you do on the ramp?

- A) Slow down or stop at the end of the ramp and wait for a safe gap.
- B) Stop at the end of the ramp and wait for a gap.
- C) Maintain speed and force a gap.

Answer: B

Q6. What problems can a worn suspension cause?

- A) Vehicle control problems
 - making the car harder to steer and less stable.
- B) Squealing brakes only.
- C) Excess slack in the steering column only.

Answer: A

Q7. How much following distance should you maintain for every 10 mph of speed?

- A) One car length for every 10 mph.
- B) One-half car length for every 10 mph.
- C) Three car lengths for every 10 mph.
- D) Two car lengths for every 10 mph.

Answer: A

Q8. If someone is following you too closely on a two-lane road and you cannot change lanes, what should you do?

- A) Reduce your speed slowly to encourage the tailgater to drive around you.
- B) Speed up to increase the distance between you and the other car.
- C) Apply your brakes to slow down
 - then resume your original speed.

Answer: A

Q9. What should you do when driving through a work zone?

- A) Follow the driver ahead closely.
- B) Avoid tailgating and keep a safe following distance.
- C) Pass other vehicles whenever possible.

Answer: B

Q10. Before changing lanes or passing, what should you do?

- A) Signal and check mirrors and blind spots.
- B) Assume other drivers will make space for you.
- C) Only check your inside rearview mirror.

Answer: A

Q11. When turning left from a two-way street onto a one-way street, into which lane should you turn?

- A) Into any available lane.
- B) Into the first lane in the direction of travel.
- C) Into the second lane from the curb.

Answer: B

Q12. Which ability is affected first by alcohol?

- A) Judgment
- B) Vision
- C) Balance

Answer: A

Q13. If you are in the left lane and vehicles are passing you on the right, what should you do when a driver behind wants to go faster?

- A) Stay in your lane so you don't impede traffic
- B) Drive onto the left shoulder to let others pass
- C) Move into the right lane when it is safe
- D) Speed up to maintain the left lane

Answer: C

Q14. If a vehicle is equipped with airbags, what should you still do?

- A) Always wear both lap and shoulder seat belts.
- B) Rely on airbags and forgo seat belts.
- C) Wear only the lap belt.

Answer: A

Q15. When an emergency vehicle with flashing lights and siren is approaching you, what should you do?

- A) Continue driving but stay out of its path.
- B) Pull over toward the right edge of the road and stop.
- C) Try to reach your destination before it catches up to you.

Answer: B

Q16. At a four-way stop, who has the right-of-way?

- A) The driver who arrived before you.
- B) The driver on your left.
- C) The driver across from you.
- D) The driver who signals first.

Answer: A

Q17. Vehicles stopped behind a school bus with red lights flashing must remain stopped until:

- A) All students are off the bus.
- B) The stop arm is retracted.
- C) The stop arm is retracted and the bus resumes motion.

Answer: B

Q18. If oncoming headlights are dazzling you at night, how should you respond?

- A) Glance toward the right edge of the road and avoid looking directly at the lights.
- B) Switch your headlights to high beams.
- C) Turn your headlights off and on repeatedly.

Answer: A

Q19. When is it necessary to use your low beams?

- A) In fog
 - rain
 - snow
 - or mist.
- B) Only on a lighted street.
- C) Only on a freeway.
- D) When following another vehicle at any distance.

Answer: A

Q20. If your vehicle's wheels drop off the pavement edge, what should you do?

- A) Reduce speed
 - check traffic
 - and when safe gradually steer back onto the road.
- B) Turn sharply back onto the roadway immediately.
- C) Stop and wait on the shoulder.

Answer: A

Q21. Why should you signal continuously while making a turn?

- A) It lets other road users know your intentions.
- B) It is illegal to turn off your signal early.
- C) It always shortens travel time.
- D) It makes the turn safer even if not needed.

Answer: A

Q22. Before stopping at a traffic signal or sign, what should you check?

- A) Press down hard on the accelerator.
- B) Check your mirrors for surrounding traffic.
- C) Set the parking brake.

Answer: B

Q23. If a steady green light turns yellow and you are already in the intersection, what should you do?

- A) Increase speed to clear the intersection.
- B) Stop immediately.
- C) Clear the intersection safely and promptly.
- D) Back up slowly.

Answer: C

Q24. Why should you look farther ahead on a freeway than on a city street?

- A) To spot potential hazards earlier.
- B) Because the speed limit is always higher.
- C) To be able to change lanes more often.

Answer: A

Q25. When you see an emergency vehicle using flashing lights and siren, you must:

- A) Maintain your speed and stay in your lane until the vehicle has passed.
- B) Move into the right lane and drive slowly until the vehicle has passed.
- C) Pull over to the curb or edge of the road and stop until the vehicle has passed.

Answer: C

Q26. If a large truck or bus is turning right where you also intend to turn, what should you do?

- A) Try to cut in front of it before it completes its turn.
- B) Wait until the truck or bus has completed its turn.
- C) Squeeze between the vehicle and the curb.

Answer: B

Q27. How should you behave when driving through a construction zone?

- A) Stop to watch workers.
- B) Slow down
 - obey signs
 - and avoid staring at the work while maintaining a safe following distance.
- C) Decrease your following distance.
- D) Pass quickly without regard to signs.

Answer: B

Q28. If an oncoming vehicle fails to dim high beams at night, how should you respond?

- A) Glance toward the right edge of your lane and watch the vehicle from the corner of your eye.
- B) Look ahead toward the left edge of your lane.
- C) Keep looking straight ahead in your lane.

Answer: A

Q29. When changing lanes, what is the correct way to check the area you cannot see with mirrors?

- A) Look over your shoulder toward the direction you plan to move.
- B) Rely only on the rearview mirror.
- C) Use only the left side mirror.

Answer: A

Q30. Who may legally use marked handicap parking spaces?

- A) Only drivers or passengers with the appropriate license plate or hanging placard.
- B) Anyone when other spaces are full.
- C) People who claim they do not feel well that day.

Answer: A

Q31. Why is it dangerous to follow a motorcycle too closely?

- A) Because motorcycles do not obey traffic laws.
- B) Because motorcycles can stop much more quickly than a typical vehicle.
- C) Because motorcycles always drive slower than cars.

Answer: B

Q32. What is defensive driving?

- A) Driving aggressively to assert the right-of-way.
- B) Using safe strategies to prevent crashes.
- C) Driving more dangerously than other drivers.

Answer: B

Q33. If two drivers arrive at the same time at a four-way stop, who has the right-of-way?

- A) The driver on the right has the right-of-way.
- B) The driver on the left has the right-of-way.
- C) One driver may continue driving without stopping.

Answer: A

Q34. Is it ever acceptable to drive off the paved roadway to pass another vehicle?

- A) Under no circumstances — do not drive off the main traveled portion to pass.
- B) Only if the vehicle ahead is turning left.
- C) If there are two or more lanes going your direction
 - you may.

Answer: A

Q35. Which statement about driving through roadwork zones is true?

- A) Fines are often higher in work zones and you must obey posted work zone limits.
- B) You must slow down and obey all signs and flaggers in the Cone Zone.
- C) You must slow down even if no workers are visible.

Answer: B

Q36. To whom must drivers turning left yield?

- A) Oncoming traffic that is going straight or turning right.
- B) Vehicles following behind them.
- C) Drivers making a right turn

Answer: A

Q37. Which statement about railroad crossings is true?

- A) You have the right-of-way at a railroad crossing.
- B) You must stop when directed to do so by a flagger or stop sign.
- C) You should always speed up to cross faster.
- D) Never expect trains to be present at crossings.

Answer: B

Q38. If an officer is directing traffic at an intersection where the traffic light is also working, whose directions should you follow?

- A) The directions of the traffic light.
- B) The officer's directions.
- C) Ignore both and proceed cautiously.

Answer: B

Q39. Which headlights should you use in fog, heavy rain, or snow?

- A) Low beam headlights.
- B) High beam headlights.
- C) Fog lights only without headlights.

Answer: A

Q40. To improve visibility reduced by rain or fog, drivers should use:

- A) Low beam headlights.
- B) High beam headlights.
- C) Parking lights.

Answer: A

Q41. If you park facing downhill on a two-way road with no curb, how should you point your front wheels?

- A) Left
 - toward the center of the road
- B) Right
 - toward the side of the road
- C) Straight ahead

Answer: B

Q42. What is the only thing that will lower your blood alcohol concentration (BAC)?

- A) Drinking coffee
- B) Time
- C) Taking a cold shower
- D) Eating fatty foods

Answer: B

Q43. Where is it safe to pass another vehicle?

- A) Within a curve where there are no oncoming vehicles
- B) Wherever signs and/or pavement markings permit passing
- C) Within an intersection where there are no oncoming vehicles

Answer: B

Q44. What does a double solid yellow centerline indicate?

- A) Passing is prohibited in both directions.
- B) The right-hand lane may pass.
- C) Both lanes may pass.

Answer: A

Q45. What can happen if you take prescription medication while drinking alcohol?

- A) It can make you unfit to drive safely.
- B) It will likely make you more alert.
- C) There will likely be no effect on driving ability.

Answer: A

Q46. When merging onto a freeway, what speed should you aim for?

- A) At or near the speed of traffic on the freeway so you can merge smoothly.
- B) Five to ten mph slower than the freeway traffic.
- C) The posted speed limit for unrelated freeway traffic regardless of flow.

Answer: A

Q47. Backing your vehicle is:

- A) Always dangerous.
- B) Dangerous if you have a helper.
- C) Only dangerous in large vehicles.

Answer: A

Q48. When are large trucks likely to lose speed and create a hazard for following vehicles?

- A) When driving up long or steep hills.
- B) When driving down long
 - gradual hills.
- C) When driving through long
 - gradual curves.

Answer: A

Q49. When must you yield to a pedestrian?

- A) Only if they are in a crosswalk.
- B) At all times
 - even if the pedestrian is not obeying traffic laws.
- C) Only if the traffic lights favor the pedestrian.

Answer: B

Q50. When preparing to exit the interstate, when should you reduce your speed?

- A) About halfway through the deceleration lane.
- B) As you approach the deceleration lane.
- C) Immediately after entering the deceleration lane.

Answer: C