



DMV Question Bank

Free West Virginia Practice Questions

- ✓ 50 carefully curated practice questions
- ✓ Real DMV exam format and difficulty
- ✓ Updated for 2026 regulations
- ✓ Professional print-ready design

Complete your preparation at dmvquestionbank.com

Premium: Full Question Bank • Mock Tests • Progress Tracking

Practice Questions Begin on Next Page

West Virginia Practice Questions

Q1. If you reach an intersection where you wish to turn but are not in the correct lane, what should you do?

- A) Turn from your current lane without signaling.
- B) Proceed to the next intersection and make the turn from the proper lane.
- C) Back up to position yourself for the turn.
- D) Quickly cut across traffic to make the turn.

Answer: B

Q2. What can happen to a bicyclist who fails to obey traffic laws?

- A) They will always receive just a warning from law enforcement.
- B) They cannot be stopped by police.
- C) They are always correct because they are more vulnerable.
- D) They can be ticketed.

Answer: D

Q3. When changing lanes to the left, how should you check your blind spot?

- A) Use only the rearview mirror.
- B) Glance over your left shoulder.
- C) Look in your side mirror only.
- D) Glance over your right shoulder.

Answer: B

Q4. When passing a large vehicle, what must drivers of small vehicles be prepared for?

- A) Wind gusts that can affect vehicle stability.
- B) Additional traffic signals.
- C) Loud noises only.
- D) Improved visibility.

Answer: A

Q5. Unless otherwise posted, what is the usual speed limit on open county highways in West Virginia?

- A) 65 mph.
- B) 55 mph.
- C) 70 mph.
- D) 60 mph.

Answer: B

Q6. Emergency vehicles generally:

- A) Are not required to use sirens when responding to emergencies.
- B) Must always be followed closely by other cars.
- C) Cannot give instructions over loudspeakers.
- D) Have the right-of-way when using sirens and/or flashing lights and you must yield to them.

Answer: D

Q7. When approaching an accident scene, what should you do if you are not involved?

- A) Keep your attention on your driving and pass without stopping unless emergency help hasn't arrived and you can safely assist.
- B) Stop and get out to watch the scene.
- C) Pile into the area to take photographs.
- D) Slow down to look and impede traffic.

Answer: A

Q8. What does an orange-colored traffic sign typically indicate?

- A) The start of a no-passing zone.
- B) Construction or maintenance ahead.
- C) A hospital nearby.
- D) A school zone ahead.

Answer: B

Q9. A solid red arrow in a traffic signal means:

- A) The arrow is decorative and may be ignored.
- B) Drivers may turn immediately without yielding.
- C) Traffic in that lane must stop and may not turn in the arrow's direction.
- D) You can proceed if no other cars are present.

Answer: C

Q10. Which document must the driver present when stopped for a violation or equipment check?

- A) Proof of vehicle registration.
- B) Driver's license.
- C) Proof of insurance.

Answer: B

Q11. You may pass another vehicle when the line dividing lanes is a ____ line.

- A) Solid yellow.
- B) Solid white.
- C) Broken white.
- D) Double solid yellow.

Answer: C

Q12. What should a driver who is traveling much slower than the normal flow of traffic do?

- A) Refuse to allow cars to pass behind them.
- B) Accelerate to the speed limit regardless of conditions.
- C) Pull off the road at the earliest safe point to let traffic pass if it is causing a backup.
- D) Always stay in the left lane.

Answer: C

Q13. When should you look over your shoulder to check your vehicle's blind spot?

- A) Every five minutes while driving.
- B) Only on highways when passing another vehicle.
- C) Only when parking.
- D) Whenever you are changing lanes

Answer: D

Q14. An advisory speed sign for a curve should be treated how in bad weather?

- A) Reduce speed below the advisory limit when roads are wet
 - snowy
 - or icy.
- B) Be ignored if you are comfortable driving faster.
- C) Follow only when traffic is heavy.
- D) Increase speed to maintain momentum.

Answer: A

Q15. What should be your first response to reduced visibility while driving?

- A) Turn on high-beam headlights.
- B) Turn on windshield wipers.
- C) Stop immediately in the travel lane.
- D) Reduce your speed.

Answer: D

Q16. What should you never do while stopped in a travel lane?

- A) Stop to drop off passengers.
- B) Stop to look up an address.
- C) Make a U-turn or back up if you missed an exit.
- D) All of the above.

Answer: D

Q17. A regulatory sign with a red circle and slash through a symbol indicates:

- A) An action is forbidden.
- B) Drivers should come to a complete stop.
- C) Some drivers must yield to others.
- D) That the road is closed.

Answer: A

Q18. To avoid collisions with vehicles in blind spots, you should:

- A) Honk continuously before changing lanes.
- B) Adjust rearview mirrors every minute
- C) Rely only on automatic sensors.
- D) Turn your head and glance over your shoulder in the direction you plan to move before changing lanes.

Answer: D

Q19. What do two solid yellow lines down the center of the road indicate?

- A) Passing is allowed for both directions.
- B) Passing is allowed when safe.
- C) One-way traffic only.
- D) Passing is not allowed from either direction.

Answer: D

Q20. Which statement about sudden weather changes is correct?

- A) You should slow down in rain and fog.
- B) You can drive the same as in clear weather.
- C) You should increase your speed in rain to pass quickly.
- D) You should ignore vehicles behind you in bad weather.

Answer: A

Q21. If an aggressive driver cuts you off, how should you react?

- A) Call the police immediately while driving erratically.
- B) Try to block them from passing.
- C) Flash your lights to reprimand them.
- D) Stay calm and move out of their way.

Answer: D

Q22. When is it allowed to cross double solid yellow lines?

- A) To pass a slow-moving passenger car when safe.
- B) To pass another car going the same direction.
- C) To make a left turn into or from a driveway
- D) To overtake bicyclists at any time.

Answer: C

Q23. At a railroad crossing without flashing warnings or gates, how should you proceed?

- A) Approach with caution and be prepared to yield to any train
 - ensuring room to clear the tracks.
- B) Cross immediately to save time.
- C) Always stop no matter what.
- D) Shift gears while crossing to avoid stalling.

Answer: A

Q24. Which statement about speed is true?

- A) Speeding can kill.
- B) Speeding is safe if you are a skilled driver.
- C) Driving too slowly on certain highways can be dangerous.

Answer: C

Q25. When entering a highway from a driveway or private road, you should:

- A) Yield to vehicles on your left only.
- B) Drive quickly onto the road to merge.
- C) Yield to traffic on the highway.
- D) Assume you have the right-of-way.

Answer: C

Q26. Where is it unsafe and illegal to pass another vehicle?

- A) On the shoulder of the road.
- B) When the passing lane is clear and marked with a broken yellow line.
- C) On a hill or in a curve where you cannot see oncoming traffic.
- D) On a multilane expressway with three lanes.

Answer: C

Q27. Which practice can help reduce road rage and aggressive driving?

- A) Refuse to use turn signals so others adapt.
- B) Tailgate slower drivers to keep traffic moving.
- C) Speed up to pass slower drivers quickly.
- D) Allow extra travel time so you are not rushed.

Answer: D

Q28. Drowsy drivers are at risk because they can:

- A) Drive so poorly they resemble a drunk driver and seriously increase crash risk.
- B) Fully compensate by opening windows and turning up the radio.
- C) Stay alert indefinitely by drinking coffee.
- D) Reduce reaction times the same as sober drivers.

Answer: A

Q29. What kinds of drugs can impair your driving ability?

- A) Only illegal drugs.
- B) No drugs affect driving if taken as directed.
- C) Only prescription medicines.
- D) Illegal
 - prescription
 - and over-the-counter drugs can all impair driving.

Answer: D

Q30. What does a green traffic arrow indicate when displayed for a turn lane?

- A) The arrow only applies if accompanied by a circular green light.
- B) The lane may go straight or turn.
- C) Traffic in the lane must turn in the direction of the arrow and may proceed.
- D) The arrow is used only on one-way streets.

Answer: C

Q31. Compared with smaller cars, larger vehicles typically have:

- A) No blind spots due to mirrors.
- B) Smaller blind spots than compact cars.
- C) Automatic sensors that eliminate blind spots.
- D) Much larger blind spots.

Answer: D

Q32. When it starts to sleet or snow while you are driving, you should:

- A) Maintain normal following distance but increase speed to get home faster.
- B) Keep windshield and mirrors clear and increase your following distance.
- C) Turn on your high beams to better see the road ahead.
- D) Ignore other vehicles and drive normally.

Answer: B

Q33. How should you check your blind spots before changing lanes?

- A) Use only the inside rearview mirror.
- B) Turn your head and look over your shoulder toward the lane you intend to enter.
- C) Use both inside and outside mirrors without turning your head.
- D) Use only the outside rearview mirror.

Answer: B

Q34. Before backing out of a driveway with children nearby, you should:

- A) Sound your horn loudly to warn children.
- B) Exit the vehicle and walk to the rear to ensure the way is clear.
- C) Rev the engine so they notice you are moving.
- D) Back up slowly while watching through mirrors only.

Answer: B

Q35. What causes 'highway hypnosis'?

- A) Staring at the roadway for long periods and failing to actively scan.
- B) Frequent rest stops during a long trip.
- C) Getting too much sleep the night before driving.

Answer: A

Q36. If you are upset, nervous, or crying, what should you do before driving?

- A) Take a stimulant to stay alert.
- B) Drive faster to get to your destination sooner.
- C) Calm and focus yourself before starting to drive.
- D) Drive immediately.

Answer: C

Q37. What is the illegal minimum blood alcohol concentration (BAC) for drivers age 21 or older in West Virginia?

- A) 0.08 percent.
- B) 0.05 percent.
- C) 0.10 percent.
- D) 0.02 percent.

Answer: A

Q38. Traffic signals sometimes display arrows to control turns from specific lanes. What does a solid yellow arrow mean?

- A) It indicates a pedestrian-only phase is starting.
- B) It is never used in traffic signals.
- C) It has the same meaning as a circular yellow light and you should prepare to stop.
- D) It means you may immediately turn in the arrow's direction without yielding.

Answer: C

Q39. How does alcohol affect driving skills and judgment?

- A) It has no effect on either.
- B) It harms both driving skills and judgment.
- C) It helps driving skills but harms judgment.

Answer: B

Q40. Is smoking or preparing to smoke while driving distracting?

- A) Yes — these are distracting activities.
- B) No — they do not affect driving.
- C) They help maintain alertness.
- D) Only lighting a cigarette is distracting.

Answer: A

Q41. What colors are used on highway signs that tell you distances or destinations (such as the next exit)?

- A) Red background with white letters.
- B) Black background with white letters.
- C) Yellow background with black letters.
- D) Green background with white letters.

Answer: D

Q42. What should you do when driving in foggy conditions?

- A) Turn on your high beam headlights.
- B) Drive at the maximum speed limit.
- C) Turn on your low beam headlights.
- D) Turn on your hazard lights.

Answer: C

Q43. Lack of sleep affects driving ability similarly to which of the following?

- A) The effect that amphetamines have.
- B) The effect that anger has.
- C) The effect that alcohol has.
- D) The effect that caffeine has.

Answer: C

Q44. Drivers who have consumed alcohol before driving:

- A) Are better drivers because they are more careful.
- B) Have faster reaction times than sober drivers.
- C) Do not have sufficient control over their bodies
- D) Are always aware of the risks they are taking.

Answer: C

Q45. What does a solid yellow line beside your lane signify?

- A) Slow down.
- B) Do not pass.
- C) Pass with caution.

Answer: B

Q46. When is it acceptable to go through an intersection with a stop sign but no stop line or crosswalk?

- A) After slowing to verify no cross traffic.
- B) After stopping at least 20 feet from the intersection.
- C) After coming to a complete stop and confirming it's safe.
- D) After yielding to pedestrians only.

Answer: C

Q47. Where are stop lines painted and what do they indicate?

- A) In curves and on hills.
- B) Next to churches and schools.
- C) At intersections and pedestrian crosswalks.

Answer: C

Q48. Which traffic control device requires you to come to a complete stop, yield to traffic and pedestrians, then go when safe?

- A) A solid red light.
- B) A solid green light.
- C) A flashing yellow light.
- D) A flashing red light.

Answer: D

Q49. How can you help prevent hydroplaning?

- A) Reduce speed in the rain.
- B) Keep tires properly inflated.
- C) All of the above.
- D) Ensure tires have good tread depth.

Answer: A

Q50. When turning or changing lanes, you must:

- A) Signal only when other vehicles are present.
- B) Signal briefly as you begin the turn only.
- C) Always signal your intentions in advance
- D) Signal only at night.

Answer: C